Intergenerational Practice Evaluation Tool - Part 1

Intergenerational facilitating partners complete after each intergenerational activity

	tivity name/description	Activity date				
Location Activity duration (approx.) Youth participants (#) Older participants (#) Youth group (e.g., class) Older group (e.g. ADS)						
Facilitating staff member(s) Form completed by						
How will you know this activity was successful for youth and older adult participants?						
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_						
Fo	For each item, choose the single answer that best describes the activity.					
	fore the Intergenerational Activity					
1.	Time was set aside for adult and youth program facilit a. Clarification:	ators to plan the activity.	Yes	No (clarify)		
2.	ctivity plans were informed by participants and/or facilitator knowledge of articipant culture, experiences, interests and language(s).		Yes	No		
3.	Materials and space reflected participants' diversity (c developmental, sensory, and/or socioeconomic). a. Clarification:		Yes	No (clarify)		
During the Intergenerational Activity						
4.	The activity was appropriate for older adult participan a. Clarification:	ts.	Yes	No (clarify)		
5.	Materials were paired or used centrally (e.g., intergen materials rather than having their own). (Select N/A if		Yes	No	N/A	
6.	Activity incorporated intergenerational pairs or small in (e.g., no more than 3 youth per older adult or 3 older		Yes	No		
7.	Facilitators used directions that encouraged intergenea. Clarification:		Yes	No (clarify)		
8.	Facilitators shared or invited participants to share sociand experiences) to encourage intergenerational inte	,	Yes	No		
9.	Facilitators stood back periodically to encourage intera. Clarification:		Yes	No (clarify)	N/A	
After the Intergenerational Activity						
10	Youth and older adult participants were or will be inviabout this activity. a. Clarification:	ted to provide feedback	Yes	No (clarify)		
11.	a. Clarification: This activity should be facilitated again, without modification: What modifications are needed beformaterials in other languages.)		Yes	No (clarify)		
12	What effect did the intergenerational component have a. Clarification: How did intergenerational negatively activity?	•	None	Negative	Positive	

Source: Jarrott, S.E. (2019). The intergenerational evaluation toolkit. Washington, DC: Generations United.

13. The success of an intergenerational activity depends, in part, on youth and older adult participants' observable social behaviors. Which behavior was most common among the majority of participants during the activity? Answer separately for youth and older adults.

Youth participants (circle one behavior)



Solitary: engaged in an activity without observing, responding to or interacting with others.



Watching: observing, without engaging in the activity or interacting with others.



Intergenerational Interactive: responding to, communicating with, or interacting with 1 or more intergenerational partners.

Older adult participants (circle one behavior)



Solitary: engaged in an activity without observing, responding to or interacting with others.



Watching: observing, without engaging in the activity or interacting with others.



Intergenerational Interactive: responding to, communicating with, or interacting with 1 or more intergenerational partners.

- 14. Which face describes the predominant mood of:
 - a. Youth participants:

b. Older adult participants:



1



2



3



4



5

Facilitator notes. Reflect on aspects of the activity not captured above. If you're familiar with the intergenerational activities, reflect on changes you observed, such as indication of developing intergenerational relationships. Reflections may spark ideas for improvements, activities, or ways to demonstrate impact.